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Protection and the Director of Field Activities, coordinates and integrates field planning, preparedness, and response operations for pollution incidents, natural disasters, marine accidents, terrorism, and other threats to public safety, the marine environment, or marine transportation and commerce; develops, publishes, and maintains program policies for preparedness and response, interprets laws and regulations, and provides field guidance for execution; provides guidance regarding emergency authorities of the Captain of the Port (COTP); and administers Office programs for ports and waterway management, bridging compliance and response efforts with an active presence in the marine environment.

(C) The Chief, Office of Investigations and Analyses (G-MOA), at Headquarters, under the direction of the Assistant Commandant for Marine Safety and Environmental Protection and the Director of Field Activities, reviews investigations of marine casualties; manages, develops policy for and evaluates domestic and international programs and processes associated with investigations of marine casualties and injuries; manages analysis of casualties and casualty data, civil penalties and other remedial programs (including proceedings to suspend or revoke Coast Guard licenses, documents or certificates held by mariners); and manages marine employer drug and alcohol test-

ing programs.

(D) The Commanding Officer, Coast Guard National Maritime Center (NMC) under technical control of the Assistant Commandant for Marine Safety and Environmental Protection, administers operational and administrative control of the Marine Safety Center which conducts reviews and approvals of plans, calculations, and other materials concerning the design, construction, alterations, and repair of commercial vessels to determine conformance with the marine inspection laws, regulations, and implementing directions; administers operational and administrational control over the National Vessel Documentation Center which administers U.S. vessel identification and documentation; oversees and administers the U.S. tonnage measurement program which measures

U.S. naval vessels and oversees issuance of international and domestic tonnage certificates; administers merchant mariner licensing and seaman's documentation; and oversees the national relations are reserved.

tional pilotage program.

(iii) The Director of Resource Management (G-MR), under the general direction and supervision of the Assistant Commandant for Marine Safety and Environmental Protection, serves as Facility Manager for the marine safety programs; coordinates and integrates financial, informational, and human resources; plans, acquires, develops, and allocates resources for development and execution of the Coast Guard's marine safety programs; provides the focal point for all resource issues in support of the Standards and Operations Directorates; and oversees the development and management of the Coast Guard's direct user fee program.

(2) The Chief Counsel of the Coast Guard at Headquarters, under the general direction and supervision of the General Counsel, Department of Transportation and the Commandant, considers cases involving alleged violations of navigation and vessel inspection laws or regulations prescribed thereunder and published in this chapter or in 33 CFR chapter I, and reviews appeals to the Commandant from statutory monetary penalties assessed therefor. Upon completion of such a review, the Chief Counsel prepares a proposed action for the Commandant's consideration or, in appropriate cases, takes final action on behalf of, and as directed by, the Commandant.

[CGD 88-033, 54 FR 50376, Dec. 6, 1989, as amended by CGD 95-072, 60 FR 50458, Sept. 29, 1995; CGD 95-072, 60 FR 54106, Oct. 19, 1995; CGD 96-041, 61 FR 50724, Sept. 27, 1996; CGD 97-057, 62 FR 51041, Sept. 30, 1997; USCG-1998-4442, 63 FR 52188, Sept. 30, 1998]

§1.01-15 Organization; districts.

(a) To assist the District Commander in carrying out the regulatory and enforcement aspects of marine safety in the Coast Guard Districts, there is assigned to each District Commander a staff officer designated as Chief, Marine Safety Division. The chain of military command is from the District Commander to each Officer in Charge,

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Marine Inspection, within the district. The Chief, Marine Safety Division, is a staff officer assigned to the District Commander and acts only on the basis of the authority and by direction of the District Commander.

(1) The Chiefs, Marine Safety Division, in the District Offices, under the supervision of their respective District Commanders, direct the activities in their district relative to vessel, factory and shipyard inspections; reports and investigations of marine casualties and accidents; processing of violations of navigation and vessel inspection laws; the licensing, certificating, shipment and discharge of seaman; the investigation and institution of proceedings looking to suspension and revocation under 46 U.S.C. chapter 77 of licenses, certificates, and documents held by persons; and all other marine safety regulatory activities except those functions related to recreational boating when under the supervision of the Chiefs, Boating Safety Division, in the District Offices.

(2) Unless otherwise provided for, the Chiefs, Boating Safety Division, in the District Offices, under the supervision of their respective District Commanders, direct the activities in their districts relative to administration of the law enforcement program applicable to uninspected vessels used for reational purposes and the imposition and collection of penalties in connection therewith; maintain liaison with Federal and State agencies having related interests; develop and coordinate agreements and arrangements with Federal and State agencies for cooperation in the enforcement of State and Federal laws related to recreational boating; and review investigative reports of recreational boating accidents.

(b) The Officers in Charge, Marine Inspection, in the Coast Guard districts, under the supervision of their respective District Commanders, are in charge of marine inspection offices and marine safety offices located in various ports and have command responsibility with assigned marine safety zones for the performance of duties with respect to the inspection, enforcement, and administration of navigation and vessel inspection laws, and rules, and regulations governing marine safety. The Of-

ficer in Charge, Marine Inspection, has been designated and delegated to give immediate direction to Coast Guard activities relating to marine safety functions consisting of inspection of vessels in order to determine that they comply with the applicable laws, rules, and regulations relating to construction, equipment, manning and operation, and to be satisfied that such vessels are in seaworthy condition for the services in which such vessels are to be operated; shipyard inspections; factory inspections of materials and equipment for vessels; the licensing, certificating, shipment and discharge of seaman; investigations of marine casualties and accidents; investigations of violations law: negligence, misconduct, unskillfullness, incompetence or misbehavior of persons holding licenses, certificates, or documents issued by the Coast Guard; initiations of actions seeking suspension or revocation under 46 U.S.C. chapter 77 of licenses, certificates and documents held by persons, and presentation of cases at hearings before Administrative Law Judges; and the enforcement of navigation, vessel inspection and seaman laws in general.

NOTE: Licensing and Certification functions are performed only by the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, at the following locations:

New York, NY Baltimore, MD Charleston, SC Miami, FL New Orleans, LA Houston, TX Memphis, TN St. Louis, MO Toledo, OH Long Beach, CA San Francisco, CA Portland, OR Seattle, WA Anchorage, AK Juneau, AK Honolulu, HI

Boston, MA

Where the term *Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, Marine Inspection Office,* or *Marine Safety Office* is used within the context of parts 10 or 12 of this chapter, it is understood to mean that particular *Officer* or *Office* at one of the above listed locations.

(c) For descriptions of Coast Guard districts and marine safety zones, see 33 CFR part 3.

 $[{\rm CGD}~88\text{--}033,~54~{\rm FR}~50376,~{\rm Dec.}~6,~1989,~{\rm as}$ amended by CGD 97-057, 62 FR 51040, Sept. 30, 1997]

§1.01-20 Suspension and revocation proceedings.

- (a) The Commandant takes final agency action on each proceeding concerned with revocation.
- (b) The Commandant has delegated authority to the Vice Commandant in 33 CFR 1.01-40 to take final agency action under subparts I, J, and K of part 5 of this chapter on each proceeding except on a petition or appeal in a case on which an order of revocation has been issued.
- (c) The Commandant assigns to his staff a Chief Administrative Law Judge who is an Administrative Law Judge appointed under 5 U.S.C. 3105 and whose assignment is to:
- (1) Act as adviser and special assistant to the Commandant on matters concerning the administration of hearings conducted under 46 U.S.C. chapter 77.
- (2) Conduct hearings under 46 U.S.C. chapter 77;
- (3) Train new Administrative Law Judges assigned to conduct hearings under 46 U.S.C. chapter 77;
- (4) Review the written decisions and orders of each Administrative Law Judge assigned to conduct a hearing under 46 U.S.C. chapter 77; and
- (5) Act as adviser to the Chief Counsel in preparation of the final action of proceedings conducted under subparts I, J, and K of part 5 of this chapter.
- (d) The Chief Counsel of the Coast Guard, under the general direction and supervision of the Commandant, U.S. Coast Guard:
- (1) Acts as an adviser and as a special assistant to the Commandant in matters of law; and
- (2) Prepares for the consideration of the Commandant or the Vice Commandant, as appropriate, proposed decisions on cases on appeal or review in suspension and revocation proceedings.

§ 1.01–25 General flow of functions.

(a) The Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, has final authority with re-

spect to the functions described in §1.01-15(b) of this subpart, subject to the rights of appeal set forth in subpart 1.03 of this part.

- (b) The general course and method by which the functions (other than those dealing with suspension and revocation of licenses, certificates, or documents described in paragraph (c) of this section) concerning marine safety activities are channeled begins with the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, at the local Marine Safety Office. From this officer the course is to the Chief, Marine Safety Division, on the staff of the District Commander and then to the District Commander. From the District Commander the course is to the Chief of one of the offices within Marine Safety and Environmental Protection at Headquarters. In most administrative cases the channel ends at this point; however, on matters of policy and other appropriate cases, the course continues to the Assistant Commandant for Marine Safety and Environmental Protection, and then to the Commandant, whose decisions are final.
- (c) In proceedings involving the suspension or revocation of a Coast Guard license, certificate or document issued to an individual, the course and method by which such proceedings are channeled are as follows:
- (1) In the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Territory of Guam, the Virgin Islands, and other possessions, the proceedings are initiated by the preferment of charges and specifications against the holder of the Coast Guard license, certificate or document. A Coast Guard Investigating Officer under the supervision of an Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, or an Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection causes the charges and specifications to be served on the person described therein (person charged) who is a holder of a Coast Guard license, certificate or document. At a hearing the Coast Guard submits evidence to support the charges and specifications, while the person charged may submit evidence in rebuttal or mitigation. The Administrative Law Judge renders a decision on the basis of the evidence adduced at